NDRC Benefit Cost Analysis Data Resources and Expert Tips

>> WELCOME TO OUR WEBINAR ON EXPERT TIPS FOR BENEFIT COST ANALYSIS. THIS IS THE SECOND WEBINAR RECORDED ON BENEFIT COST ANALYSIS FOR PHASE TWO NATIONAL DISASTER RESILIENCE COMPETITION. FIRST DISCUSSED HUD'S REQUIREMENTS AND EXPECTATIONS FOR BENEFIT COST ANALYSIS SUBMISSION. OR BCA FOR SHORT. TODAY, WE'LL BE SPEAKING ABOUT WHAT MAKES A STRONG BCA, TIPS TO FOLLOW, TRAPS TO AVOID AND RESOURCES AVAILABLE TO HELP. PLEASE NOTE THAT HUD IS PRESENTING HELPFUL RESOURCES THAT DOES NOT ENDORSE ONE REPUTABLE DATA SOURCE. MY NAME IS SARAH JENSON, I'M HAPPY TO INTRODUCE TWO BENEFIT COST ANALYSIS EXPERTS PRESENTING WITH ME ON THIS WEBINAR. JODY SPRINGER IS AN EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT SPECIALIST IN THE GRANTS DATA ANALYSIS AND TOOLS DIVISION, AND HAS BEEN WITH FEMA OVER NINE YEARS AND LEADS IN BENEFIT ANALOGIES AND TRAINING, PROVIDING GUIDANCE TO 800 **QUESTIONS PER YEAR THROUGH** FEMA'S BENEFIT COST HELP LINE. BRIAN ENDORF HAS BEEN WITH THE DEPARTMENT TWO YEARS, AND WORKED ON THE LAST TWO ROUNDS OF US DOT'S POPULAR TIGER GRANT PROGRAM, REVIEWING 40 AND 50 BCAs EACH YEAR. HE WORKS ON AND REVIEWS IMPACT ANALYSIS FOR THE DEPARTMENT. HIS OFFICE CONDUCTS TRAINING FOR NEW TIGER REVIEWER. OUR WEBINAR WILL START WITH A BRIEF OVERVIEW, THEN MOVE TO TIPS, LESSONS AND SOURCES OF DATA FROM FEMA AND DOT. WE'LL END WITH A ROUND UP OF SOURCES BEYOND FEMA AND DOT. THERE ARE SEVERAL WAYS TO

APPROACH ANALYSIS
RISK ANALYSIS, AND BENEFIT COST
ANALYSIS, THE TOPIC TODAY.
A BENEFIT COST ANALYSIS IS A
CONSIDERATION OF THE TOTAL COST
AND BENEFITS OF A PROJECT IN
PRESENT-DOLLAR VALUE OVER USEFUL
LIFE OF THE PROPOSAL.
THE BCA SET APART FROM OTHER
METHODS BY THIS REQUIREMENT TO
DISCOUNT FUTURE DOLLARS TO
PRESENT-DOLLAR VALUE.
THE CALCULATION IS STRAIGHT
FORWARD.
WHAT TAKES TIME IS SETTING THE

WHAT TAKES TIME IS SETTING THE COST AND BENEFITS AND GATHERING TO SUPPORT YOUR WORK.

OUR TWO EXPERTS ARE HERE TO SHARE TIPS AND RESOURCES ON HOW TO DO JUST THAT AND NOW I'D LIKE TO HAND OVER THE PRESENTATION TO JODY SPRINGER AT FEMA.

>> FEMA CREATED A TOOL IN APPLYING FOR GRANTS IN THE HAZARD MITIGATION PROGRAM THE TOOLS, GUIDANCE AND TRAINING MATERIALS ARE ACCESSIBLE AT THE LINK PROVIDED.

FEMA INCORPORATES VALUES OF SERVICE DURING THE TIME OF NATURAL DISASTERS.

FOR MANY PROJECTS MOST BENEFITS
COME FROM OTHER COSTS OTHER THAN
DIRECT DAMAGES TO A FACILITY.
STORM PREPARATION, CLEAN UP AND
LOSS OF USE CAN GENERATE A LOT
OF BENEFITS

THE KEY TO ANY GOOD ANALYSIS IS NOT THE ANALYSIS ITSELF, BUT IS THE IDENTIFICATION OF ALL OF THE POSSIBLE BENEFITS THAT A PROJECT WILL PROVIDE THAT IS INCLUDED IN THE ANALYSIS.

SOME IS 90% RESEARCH AND 10% CALCULATION.

BENEFITS CAN BE FOLLOWED UP ONCE A PROJECT IS IMPLEMENTED AND PUT INTO PLACE.

FOR POLICE AND FIRE CREWS, STORM PREPARATION COSTS, SUCH AS SANDBAGGING AND CLEAN UP COSTS TO RECOVER AFTER A STORM AND REPAIRING A FACILITY TO A USABLE POST-STORM CONDITION.

ANY COSTS THAT A PROJECT WILL

BE QUANTIFIED. A MAJOR BENEFIT IS THOROUGH DOCUMENTATION. VALUE USED SHOULD BE TIED TO A DUM TAGS. EITHER A STANDARD VALUE OR SOME TYPE OF DOCUMENTATION. THIS IS IMPORTANT TO ENSURE THAT THE ANALYSIS CAN BE REPLICATED BY OTHERS, SUCH AS THE AGENCY PROVIDING THE GRANT, OR AUDITORS. DOCUMENT, DOCUMENT, DOCUMENT. PROJECTS THAT ARE THOROUGHLY AND CLEARLY DOCUMENTED HAVE A MUCH-BETTER CHANCE OF BEING FUNDED AS ANALYSIS CAN BE VERIFIED. PROJECTS WHERE SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION IS UNORGANIZED, HARD TO FOLLOW, OR NOT INCLUDED MAY NOT BE FUNDED. FEMA USES THE VALUE OF STATISTICAL LIFE AND ABBREVIATED INJURY SCALE FOR BENEFIT COST ANALYSIS FOR FUNDING SAFE ROOMS, SEISMIC RETRO FIT PROJECTS. THE VALUE COULD BE INLEWDED FOR FLOOD PROJECTS IF THE APPLICANT DEMONSTRATES LOSS OF LIFE OCCURRED AT THE SITE FROM INCLUSION OF NEWSPAPER ARTICLES OR LETTERS ARE FROM LOCAL AUTHORITIES THE PROJECT WOULD HAVE TO ELIMINATE THOSE FUTURE LOSS OF LIVES, INCLUDING THE VALUE OF LIFE CAN PROVIDE HUGE BENEFITS BUT EXTRAORDINARY CLAIMS REQUIRE EXTRAORDINARY JUSTIFICATION. FEMA RECENTLY INCORPORATED VALUES. THE VALUES ARE ONE TIME VALUES FEMA ALLOWS TO BE INCLUDED. TREATMENT COSTS ARE ALLOWED FOR EVERY INDIVIDUAL IMPACTED IN THE PROJECT AREA. THAT WILL BENEFIT FROM COMPLETION. PRODUCTIVITY LOSS, DUE TO MENTAL ILLNESS ONLY APPLIES TO WORKING ADULTS THAT WILL BENEFIT FROM THE PROJECT COMPLETION. WHEN CONDUCTING ANALYSIS, THESE

VALUES ARE ALLOWED TO BE

INCLUDED ONLY ONCE, NOT FOR EVERY YEAR OF A PROJECT LIFE. THE VALUES ARE SPREAD OUT OVER 30 MONTHS

THESE VALUES ARE MOSTLY USED WHEN PERFORMING MITIGATION FOR HOUSING.

THE ONLY DOCUMENTATION REQUIRED ARE THE NUMBER OF PEOPLE.
IN 2012, FEMA INCORPORATED BENEFITS FOR OPEN GREEN SPACE AND REPAIRING AN AREA CREATION.
FEMA ONLY ALLOWS BENEFITS FOR ACQUISITION RELATED PROJECTS FUNDED BY THE MITIGATION

THE TOTAL BENEFITS ARE YEARLY VALUE PER ACRE.

PROGRAM.

THE BENEFITS ARE DISCOUNTED OVER 100 YEAR PROJECT USEFUL LIFE AT 7% DISCOUNT RATE.

WHEN APPLYING VALUES FOR PROJECTS, APPLICANTS MUST PROVIDE DOCUMENTATION OF THE LOT SIZE FROM THE COUNTY ASSESSOR. AS FEMA'S MITIGATION GOES, ARE TO AVOID DAMAGES TO PROPERTY AND LOSS OF LIFE, THE ENVIRONMENTAL BENEFITS CAN ONLY BE INCLUDED WHEN A PROJECT ACHIEVES A 0.75 COST RATIO ON AVOIDED DAMAGES THE POLICY CAN BE FOUND IN THE LINK PROVIDED ON THE SLIDE. INCLUDING SEA LEVEL RISE ESTIMATES.

IN DECEMBER, 2013, FEMA RELEASED A GUIDANCE MEMO THAT INCLUDES ESTIMATES AND BENEFIT COST ANALYSIS.

THIS EMÁ--ÁHAS BEEN USED FOR CRITICAL FACILITIES AND SERVICES FEMA REQUIRES THE USE OF THE U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS WHICH ARE PROVIDED IN A LINK ON THE SLIDE.

IF AN APPLICANT USES A LOCAL OR STATE REDUCED STUDY, IT HAS TO BE CONSIDERED RELIABLE AND MUST BE INCLUDED WITH BENEFIT COST ANALYSIS SUBMISSION FOR FEMA TO VERIFY AND VALIDATE.

DETERMINING HAZARD FREQUENCIES. THE TOOLS INCLUDE HAZARD FREQUENCIES FOR TORNADO SAFE

ROOMS, HURRICANE SAFE ROOMS, AND

THESE ARE PULLED IN BASED ON PROJECT LOCATION ENTERED BY THE USER.

OTHER PROJECTS WILL REQUIRE THE USER TO IDENTIFY THE FREQUENCY WHEN USING THE ASSESSMENT TOOL AND FEMA'S BENEFIT COST ANALYSIS SOFTWARE.

THE MODULE DOES INCLUDE A FREQUENCY CALCULATOR. THE USER MUST SUPPLY THREE EVENTS WHERE THERE HAVE BEEN DOLLARS OR DAMAGE DOCUMENTED. WHEN PROVIDING FREQUENCY, IT'S IMPORTANT TO DETERMINE HOW IT WAS DETERMINED AS THE FREQUENCY IS ONE OF THE PRIMARY DRIVERS ON WHETHER THE PROJECT IS COST EFFECTIVE AS DETERMINED. FOR OTHERS APPLICANTS MUST APPLY DETERMINATION METHODS. IDENTIFYING HAZARD FREQUENCIES. LINKS PROVIDE GOOD SOURCES OF INFORMATION FOR HAZARDS AND

WHEN APPLICANTS USE OTHER SOURCES SUCH AS INFORMATION AT THESE WEB SITES, CONFIDENCE OF THE ANALYSIS IS HIGHER. WHEN USING THESE, IT MUST INCLUDE A PRESENT OUT FOR VERIFICATION.

ASSUME THE REVIEWER DOES NOT HAVE ACCESS TO YOUR TOOLS AND RESOURCES.

>> THANK YOU.

INFORMATION.

NOW, I'D LIKE TO TURN IT OVER TO RYAN ENDORF FROM U.S. DOT. >> GOOD AFTERNOON, I WORK AT U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY AND I'D LIKE TO THANK SARAH AND THE TEAM HERE FOR THE OPPORTUNITY TO DISCUSS OUR TIGER GRANT PROGRAM. OVER SIX YEARS, DOT AWARDED GRANTS WORTH BILLIONS OF DOLLARS AND OUR APPLICATIONS CLOSED AND WE'RE REVIEWING THE APPLICATIONS IN ANTICIPATION OF AWARDS. OUR APPLICANT ARE REQUIRED TO SUBMIT A BENEFIT COST ANALYSIS AND THE DEPARTMENT HAS A TEAM OF ECONOMISTS REVIEW ANALYSIS. WHEN WE DO, WE'RE ATTEMPTING TO

DETERMINE THE LIKELIHOOD THE BENEFITS WILL EXCEED COST. SO AT THE BOTTOM OF THE SLIDE, YOU CAN SEE THE RANGE OF ASSESSMENTS. BENEFITS COULD EXCEED COSTS, BE LESS THAN COSTS, AND THEN UNCERTAIN. THE VAST MAJORITY OF OUR RATINGS END UP BEING IN THAT UNCERTAIN CATEGORY. IT'S RARE THAT YOU CAN SEE ANALYSIS WHERE THE BENEFITS IN OUR ESTIMATION ARE EXCEEDING COSTS AND RARE THAT THE BENEFITS ARE CLEARLY LESS THAN THE COSTS WE RECOGNIZE THAT THERE IS UNCERTAINTY IN ANY OF THESE ANALYSIS AND WE RECOGNIZE THAT AND TRY TO APPLY THAT IN TERMS OF HOW WE REVIEW THE PROJECT. SO THIS SLIDE PROVIDES A DESCRIPTION OF PROJECTS. WE'RE LOOKING FOR A DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT. WHAT IS THE PROJECT GOING TO CHANGE? WE'RE LOOKING TO SEE THE COST AND BENEFITS OUTLINED, WE'D LIKE TO SEE THEM DESCRIBED, IF POSSIBLE, ESPECIALLY ASSUMPTIONS THAT ARE MADE, AND WE LIKE TO SEE SPREAD SHEETS THAT SHOW

CALCULATIONS WE GET SPREAD SHEETS IN A PDF

FORM, IT'S TYPICAL TO SEE CALCULATIONS SO GETTING THEM IN EXCEL IS USEFUL FOR US. BASE LINE.

IT'S IMPORTANT TO DEFINE BECAUSE WHEN YOU'RE TRYING TO CALCULATE BENEFITS IT'S IMPORTANT TO SEE WHAT YOU'RE MEASURING AGAINST. SO WHEN YOU HAVE A PROJECT IT'S GOING TO MAKE A POSITIVE DIFFERENCE FOR THE COMMUNITY BUT YOU NEED A BASE LINE TO SET THE APPROPRIATE LEVEL FOR WHAT THE BENEFITS ARE GOING TO BE. SO BASE LINE IS WHAT WOULD HAPPEN IN LIEU OF THE PROJECT. IT COULD BE STATUS QUO MAINTAINS, IT COULD BE CONDITIONS GET WORSE. THE IMPORTANT THING IS THAT IT'S REALISTIC.

FOR EXAMPLE, YOU MAY HAVE A BRIDGE PROJECT.

THE BRIDGE MAY BE DEFICIENT STRUCTURALLY.

AN APPROPRIATE BASE LINE WOULD

NOT ASSUME IT'S GOING TO

COLLAPSE IN TWO YEARS BUT RATHER

THAT THE BRIDGE IS GOING TO

CONTINUE TO BE STRUCTURALLY

DEFICIENT AND WOULD NEED TO BE REPLACED.

SO IT'S IMPORTANT TO SET A REALISTIC BASE LINE.

IT'S ALSO IMPORTANT THE PROJECT

HAVE INDEPENDENT UTILITIES.

IF THE PROJECT COMES IN AND

LET'S SAY YOU'RE BUILDING A NEW DOCK BECAUSE YOU'RE EXPECTING A

GROWTH IN CARGO.

IF YOU DON'T HAVE AN ACCESS ROAD FOR THE DOCK IT'S NOT GOING TO

BE ABLE TO GET TO THE MAIN LINE.

SO THE PROJECT DOESN'T HAVE

INDEPENDENT UTILITY.

COMMON MYSTICS ARE THAT THE BASE

LINE IS UNREALISTIC.

WE'RE INTERESTED IN SOMETHING

THAT IS REALISTIC, NOT BASED ON WHAT THE CURRENT GROWTH RATE

MIGHT BE.

WHEN YOU USE A GROWTH RATE THAT IS FAR TOO HIGH, IT INFLATES

BENEFITS.

ANOTHER EXAMPLE WOULD BE NOT TO CONSIDER THE POSITIVE IMPACT OF

OTHER PLAN PROJECTS.

SO IF ANOTHER PROJECT HAS FUNDING YOUR BASE LINE SHOULD

ASSUME THAT THAT IS PART OF THE

BASE LINE AND ALREADY THERE.

FOR THIS POINT, CLAIMING

BENEFITS FROM A PROJECT THAT

ONLY COSTS WAS A GRANT FUNDED

PART.

IT'S REALLY APPLES TO ORANGES OUR PERSPECTIVE IS THAT IF YOU'RE GOING TO COUNT THE COST YOU SHOULD COUNT THE BENEFITS. IF YOUR GRANT IS ONLY FUNDING ONE COMPONENT, IF YOU'RE GOING TO COUNT THE COST YOU CAN ALSO COUNT THE BENEFITS FROM THE

LARGER PROJECT.

ANOTHER IMPORTANT THING IS

DEFINE THE AFFECTED POPULATION. THIS IS IMPORTANT FOR WHEN CALCULATING OUT BENEFITS. OFTEN, YOU'LL HAVE AN AFFECTED POPULATION, THAT MAY NOT BE THE ENTIRE POPULATION. SO MIGHT BE A TRANSIT PROJECT. THE STATION IS NOT GOING TO GENERATE BENEFITS FOR EVERYONE LIVING IN THAT AREA. IT'S GOING TO GENERATE BENEFITS FOR THE SUBSET THAT MIGHT USE A TRANSIT STATION. IT'S IMPORTANT TO LINK YOUR POPULATION TOGETHER. AND IMPORTANT TO CONSIDER ALTERNATIVE PROJECTS. SO AN EXAMPLE IS IN REPLACING A PIER, ALTERNATIVE WOULD BE REHABILITATING A PIER INSTEAD OF NEW CONSTRUCTION. SO IT'S IMPORTANT TO CONSIDER THESE BECAUSE YOU MAY FIND THE BENEFIT RATIO IS BETTER FOR ONE COMPARED TO ANOTHER. ECONOMIC TRANSFERS ARE NOT BENEFITS. SO WE'RE INTERESTED IN BENEFITS FROM NATIONAL PERSPECTIVE. SO WE AREN'T LOOKING FOR IS BENEFITS THAT TRANSFER FROM ONE REGION TO ANOTHER REGION. AN EXAMPLE WOULD BE A PROJECT AND PORT AND ONE STATE THAT WOULD LEAD TO NEW BUSINESS GROWTH AT THAT PORT. IF THAT COMES FROM ANOTHER PORT, YOU'RE NOT CREATING ANY BENEFITS JUST TRANSFERRING BENEFITS FROM ONE PORT TO ANOTHER. JOB CREATION IS ONE THING WE VIEW SKEPTICALLY BECAUSE OFTEN, THOSE JOBS MAY JUST BE TRANSFERRING FROM SOMEWHERE ELSE. SO IN ORDER TO CLAIM BENEFITS FROM JOB CREATION, YOU NEED TO SHOW BENEFITS ARE NOT BEING TRANSFERS FROM A LOCAL COMMUNITY, BUT THE PROJECT IS CREATING JOBS THAT AREN'T MOVING FROM ELSEWHERE IN THE COUNTRY. ONE OF THE MOST-IMPORTANT THINGS WE TELL OUR GRANTEES, AND THIS IS SOMETHING JODY MENTIONED, IS

THAT YOUR ANALYSIS NEEDS TO BE TRANSPARENT AND REPRODUCIBLE. WE NEED TO BE ABLE TO SEE HOW YOU DERIVE CALCULATIONS AND NUMBERS.

WHERE DID BENEFITS COME FROM? WHERE DID VALUES YOU HAD COME FROM?

IF YOU HAVE ASSUMPTIONS IT'S IMPORTANT TO PROVIDE DOCUMENTATION SO WE CAN MAKE SURE IT'S REALISTIC.
IF YOU'RE TAKING AN ASSUMPTION

FROM LITERATURE.

LET'S SAY YOU'RE ASSUMING THAT THERE WOULD BE PROPERTY VALUE INCREASE.

IT'S IMPORTANT TO GET THE ESTIMATE AS A RESULT OF THE PROJECT.

FROM THE LITERATURE, USING A NUMBER FROM LITERATURE, YOU NEED TO JUSTIFY IT'S APPROPRIATE FOR YOUR COMMUNITY.

THAT CAN SOMETIMES OVERESTIMATE BENEFITS.

WHEN YOU CITE OUTSIDE DATA
SOURCES WE EXPECT THAT YOU'LL
PRESENT THAT INFORMATION TO US.
SO WE CAN MAKE SURE THE NUMBER
IS CORRECT THAT YOU'RE USING.
FINALLY IF YOU'RE USING A
PREPACKAGED MODEL FOR YOUR
ANALYSIS, WE TELL OUR APPLICANTS
WE NEED TO SEE DETAILS OF THE
MODEL AS WELL AS INPUT.
SO IT'S IMPORTANT THAT WE SEE
AND UNDERSTAND HOW THEED WHO
MODEL COMES UP AND BENEFIT COST
RATIO THAT IT HAS.

THIS SLIDE PROVIDES A NUMBER OF TRANSPORTATION BENEFITS THAT WE CAN SEE IN OUR TIGER GRANT PROGRAM.

THIS ARE QUALITY OF LIFE, ECONOMIC COMPETITIVENESS, SAFETY, AND ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY.

WE HAVE GUIDANCE THAT PROVIDES SOME VALUES SO OUR VALUES AND SAFETY SECTION IS 9.4 ÉMILLION. THOSE VARY ON WHETHER PERSONAL OR BUSINESS RELATED. SO THESE ARE THE MAIN BENEFITS.

THE LARGEST SOURCES ARE IN THE

NDRC Benefit Cost Analysis Data Resources and Expert Tips Webinar

SAFETY AND TRAVEL TIME SAVINGS AREA.

YOU CAN SEE OPERATIONAL COST SAVINGS AND POTENTIALLY PROPERTY

VALUE INCREASES.
SO FOR COSTS, IT'S IMPORTANT
THAT YOUR COSTS REFLECT WHAT

YOU'RE MEASURING.

SO IF YOU'RE PLANNING TO

DISCOUNT THE COSTS OF THE GRANT

FUNDED PORTION, THEN YOUR

BENEFITS SHOULD JUST BE FOR THE

GRANT FUNDED PORTION.

AND HE EXPECT LIFE CYCLE COSTS

ARE ALSO COUNTED.

A PROJECT WILL EXPECT BENEFIT COSTS WILL GO OUT ABOUT 20 YEARS.

SO FOR A BRIDGE IT MAY BE 50 YEARS.

AND WE EXPECT TO SEE IT OUT

THROUGH THEN OR DISCOUNTED AT 7%

OR 3% RATES.

BENEFITS SHOULD BE DISCOUNTED AT 7% OR 3%.

WE LIKE TO SEE BOTH JUST FOR COMPARISON.

BUT 7% IS PREFERRED.

VARA ASKED ME TO TALK ABOUT THE DATA SOURCES WE CAN SEE.

SO DATA FROM GOVERNMENT ENTITIES IS ACCESSIBLE.

EVERY PROJECT IS DIFFERENT.

SO LOCAL DATA IS PREFERRED.

BUT, IT'S ALSO USUAL THAT LOCAL

DATA CAN BE INCONSISTENT.

WE ACCEPT DATA IF YOU'RE GOING

TO USE OTHER DATA YOU NEED TO

JUSTIFY IT AND JUSTIFY IT'S

ACCEPTABLE FOR USE.

BE CAREFUL ABOUT USING ESTIMATES FROM LITERATURE.

YOU NEED TO BE ABLE TO SHOW IT'S TRANSFERRABLE TO YOUR PROJECT AND COMMUNITY.

FOR SOME, THERE ISN'T ADEQUATE DATA.

WE PREFER THAT THEY'RE

DESCRIBED, WHO IS GOING TO BE

AFFECTED?

EXPLAIN WHY YOU CAN'T MONETIZE THEM.

SO IF YOU CAN, ESTIMATE WHAT YOU THINK BENEFITS OR RANGE.

IT'S BETTER TO DESCRIBE A

BENEFIT THAT IS TO ESTIMATE.
THE IMPORTANT THINGS WE TELL OUR
GRANTEES IS DOCUMENT AND PROVIDE
SOURCES FOR YOUR DATA AND
CALCULATION.

AND ALSO, ALLOW US TO ADJUST IF WE THINK THAT ESTIMATE IS A LITTLE BIT TOO HIGH.

SECOND, BE REALISTIC IN

ASSUMPTIONS THAT YOU USE.

MAKE SURE THAT THEY'RE

APPROPRIATE FOR YOUR PROJECT.

IF YOU HAVE BENEFITS THAT YOU

DON'T, AREN'T ABLE TO MONETIZE,

AND LASTLY, CONSIDER THE

VIEWPOINT ON OBJECTIVE

REVIEWERS, IN THIS CASE, US.

WE'RE GOING TO BE THINKING

WHETHER THEY'RE REASONABLE.

SO AS YOU'RE DOING ANALYSIS,

THINK ABOUT ARE THESE

REASONABLE?

THANK YOU, RYAN.

BEFORE DISCUSSING ADDITIONAL

SOURCES LET ME REIT RATE,

WHENEVER POSSIBLE USE FEDERAL DATA SOURCES.

ANOTHER ADVANTAGE THAT YOUR

FEDERAL REVIEWERS LIKE LIE HAVE

ACCESS TO THESE SOURCES.

THERE MAY BE OTHER DATA SOURCES MORE TARGETED TO YOUR PROJECT OR

REGION AND MAY BE PREFERABLE TO

MORE NATIONAL DATA SOURCES.

YOU CAN USE THESE THAT YOU CITE AND PROVIDE DETAILED

INFORMATION.

EXAMPLES COULD INCLUDE ACADEMIC PAPERS OR INFORMATION FROM LAW ENFORCEMENT YOU MIGHT LOOK FOR DATA FROM YOUR QUALIFYING FACTOR.

JODY GIVES EXAMPLE OF USING DATA FROM LOSS OF LIFE FROM QUALIFYING DISASTER IN COUNTING THE VALUE OF LIFE IN A FLOOD EVENT.

THIS IS A GOOD SOURCE FOR DOCUMENTING YOUR PROJECT USEFUL LIFE.

LET'S GO THROUGH A NUMBER OF GUIDANCE DOCUMENTS AND DATA SOURCES.

ELLEN B IS THE OFFICE OF BUDGET. THE LINK IS AT THE TOP OF SLIDE.

IT HAS A SISHG YU LAR A 4 THAT HAS GOOD GUIDANCE ON HOW TO MEASURE, AND MONETIZE COST AND BENEFITS.

AND THE ARMY CORPS AND OTHER AGENCIES FOR THEIR BCA. IN ADDITION THERE ARE TWO DOCUMENTS WE'VE POSTED ON THIS WEBINAR.

THEY'RE INCORPORATED INTO FEMA'S TOOL KIT SO WE HAVE POSTED THEM HERE SO YOU CAN REVIEW AND USE THIS HELPFUL INFORMATION OUTSIDE OF THE TOOL KIT.

WE'VE POSTED A LINK TO CASE STUDIES THAT MIGHT BE HELPFUL. EPA HAS GUIDANCE THAT IS MORE ACADEMIC IN NATURE.

THERE IS GOOD INFORMATION HERE INCLUDING CASE STUDIES IN THE FIRST LINK.

THERE ARE EXCELLENT TOOLS TO HELP YOU DEFINE THE BASE LINE. BOTH ARE GIS BASED AND CAN PROVIDE INFORMATION ABOUT CURRENT CONDITIONS ON THE SITE. THE SCREEN TOOL LOOKS AT GEOGRAPHIC DATA.

IT WAS DESIGNED TO HELP WITH ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEWS AND CONTAINS MANY DATA LAYERS. INCLUDING DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION.

JODY DISCUSSED FEMA'S APPROACH AND HERE ARE RESOURCES FROM EPA AND USDA FOREST SERVICE WITH LINKS TO DATA SOURCES TO HELP VALUE SERVICES.

IT IS DEFINED AS BENEFITS THAT ENHANCE HUMAN WELL BEING.

THERE IS AN ACKNOWLEDGEMENT THAT NATURE HAS VALUE AND VALUE CAN BE MEASURED AND USED TO SUPPORT PROJECT DECISIONS.

ALSO, INCLUDED ON THE SLIDE ARE THE HINGE TO USDA WILDFIRE AND CLIMATE CHANGE INFORMATION. BOTH CONTAIN LINKS TO MULTIPLE SOURCES OF DATA ON VALUING ECO SYSTEM BENEFITS.

SOME IS FREE AND SOME IS NOT. JODY SHARED THE POLICY EARLIER IN THE PRESENTATION.

HERE ARE THE RESOURCES PULLED FROM THAT POLICY AND OTHER

SOURCES.

AS WITH OTHER DATA, FEDERAL SOURCES THAT HAVE BEEN VETTED AND ACCEPTED BY OTHER AGENCIES IS THE BEST PLACE TO START. CHOOSE A SOURCE OF THE DATA BEST SUITED FOR YOUR PROJECT AREA AND EXPLAIN WHY IT IS THE BEST DATA. WE'VE INCLUDED HERE LINKS TO NOA AND U.S. FARMING CORPS DATA SETS AND NATIONAL CLIMATE ASSESSMENT, SUMMARIZING CLIMATE CHANGE ON THE UNITED STATES.

A TEAM OF 300 EXPERTS GUIDED BY A 60 MEMBER COMMITTEE PRODUCED THIS REPORT.

AS YOU MIGHT IMAGINE THERE IS QUITE A BIT OF DETAILED DATA FOR THE HURRICANE SANDY REGION.
IF YOUR REGION HAS DATA ACCEPTED BY LOCAL ENTITIES YOU CAN USE THAT.

WE RECOMMEND YOU SUBMIT THE DATA WITH YOUR BCA.

I'VE POSTED GUIDANCE ON THIS SLIDE AT THE BOTTOM.

ALSO POSTED IS THE WHITE HOUSE TECHNICAL SUPPORT DOCUMENT CALLED SOCIAL COST OF CARBON FOR REGULATORY IMPACT ANALYSIS WITH THIS 2013 UPDATE.

IF YOUR PROJECT WILL RESULT IN A DECREASE IN EMISSIONS THIS IS THE BENEFIT YOU'LL WANT TO INCLUDE IN YOUR ANALYSIS. FEMA HAS A TOOL THAT ESTIMATES POTENTIAL LOSSES FOR NATURAL

JODY?

DISASTER.

>> THANK YOU, SARAH.

IT IS A COMPUTER SOFTWARE APPLICATION THAT STANDS FOR TAZ YARDS, U.S.

THIS PROVIDES HAZARD ESTIMATION FOR HURRICANE AND FLOODING EVENTS.

THE TOOL IS AVAILABLE FREE ON FEMA.GOV BUT REQUIRES GIS AND SPASHL ANALYSIS TO RUN.
IT CAN BE BENEFICIAL FORKED INTOING EVENTS OR HURRICANES AND WE SEE APPLICANTS USING THIS INFORMATION PERFORM FORWARD GRANTS.

>> THANK YOU, JODY.

THE BASE LINE RESELL YENS IS USED BY THE ARMY CORPS WHEN THEY SET BASE LINES.

SET BASE LINES.
THE SOCIAL VULNERABILITY INDEX
IS BASED ON RESEARCH BY THE
RESEARCH INSTITUTE IN THE
DEPARTMENT OF GEOGRAPHY AT THE
UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA.
THIS PUTS THEM TOGETHER INTO A
SCORE OF SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT TO
ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

HERE IS A MAP AT NATIONWIDE SCALE.

RED REPRESENTS HIGHLY VULNERABLE AREAS.

BLUE REPRESENTS BLOW VULNERABILITY.

THIS INFORMATION COULD BE HELPFUL IN ESTABLISHING A BASE LINE FOR YOUR BCA.

TAKE THIS IDEA.

WHEN YOU SUBMIT A BCA, EXPLAIN WHERE DATA COMES FROM, AND WHY YOU CHOSE IT.

PROVIDE YOUR FORMULAS AND BASIS FOR CALCULATION.

STATE YOUR ASSUMPTION.

USE RELIABLE SOURCES OF DATA.

DON'T RELY ON GOOGLE.

WORK WITH FEDERAL DATA OR TALK TO STATE, LOCAL, TRIBAL OR UNIVERSITY PARTNERS FOR GOOD SOURCES.

ASSUME THE REVIEWER DOES NOT HAVE THE INFORMATION YOU DO.

ERR ON THE SIDE OF MORE

EXPLANATION AND INFORMATION.

QUANTIFY DATA WHEN YOU HAVE WAYS

TO DO SO, FOR EXAMPLE, USING

GUIDANCE FROM FEMA, DOT, EPA OR RELEVANT ECONOMIC THEORY.

IT'S IMPORTANT TO MAKE SURE YOU FOLLOW THE REQUIREMENTS SET OUT

BY YOUR FUNDING AGENCY.
YOU MUST FOLLOW APPENDIX H FOR

HEAD GRANTS WHICH LAYS OUT

DISCOUNT RATE AND VALUE OF LIFE

YOU MUST USE IN YOUR ANALYSIS. ANOTHER EXAMPLE IS RESTRICTION

ANOTHER EXAMPLE IS RESTRICTION ON INCLUDING ECO SYSTEM BENEFITS ONLY WHEN THE BASE BCA IS AT

LEAST.75.
IT DOES NOT APPLY TO HUD NDRC

APPLICANTS.
SO FOLLOW INSTRUCTION THAT YOU

CAN PULL INFORMATION FROM OTHER SOURCES.

AS RYAN MEKS V MENTIONED, MANY

AGENCIES THAT REQUIRE BCAs

RECOGNIZE THAT THERE ARE A

NUMBER OF BENEFITS THAT ARE

DIFFICULT TO MONETIZE.

INCLUDING LONG TERM SERVICE

IMPACTS, SOCIAL IMPACTS, AND

EDUCATION AND OUTREACH.

THESE AGENCIES INCLUDING HUD FOR

NDRC ALLOW APPLICANTS TO

DETERMINE WHETHER BENEFITS

OUTWEIGH THE COSTS.

NO AGENCY WANTS TO YOU MAKEUP

INFORMATION AND STICK IT INTO

THE CALCULATION

THE KEY IS TO STATE YOUR VIEWS

FOR INCLUDING THE BENEFIT AND OBJECTIVE.

LET'S LOOK AT AN EXAMPLE.

HERE IS AN EXAMPLE WITH

EDUCATION.

IF A BENEFIT IS DEVELOPING A

CURRICULUM, QUANTIFY HOW MANY

YEARS IT WILL BE TAUT.

STATE THE OBJECTIVE OF INCLUDING

AN EDUCATION COMPONENT.

ALSO, KNOW THAT THERE IS A COST

ASSOCIATED WITH THIS BENEFIT,

TIME AND MATERIALS TO DEVELOP,

AND YOU MUST INCLUDE THAT IN YOUR BCA.

ANOTHER DE

ANOTHER EXAMPLE MIGHT BE JOB

CREATION.

RYAN MENTIONED DIFFICULTY OF

COUNTING SALARIES IN YOUR BCA.

THIS IS A CONTROVERSIAL TOPIC.

IF YOU PLAN TO CLAIM

PRODUCTIVITY OR OTHER JOB

BENEFITS, YOU NEED TO DOCUMENT

CAREFULLY HOW YOU'RE DOING THOSE

AND MAKE SURE YOU'RE NOT

COUNTING A TRANSFER OF THE

BENEFITS.

HUD IS INTERESTED IN JOB

CREATION, WHICH CAN BE USED TO

MEET A NATIONAL OBJECTIVE.

IF YOU'RE UNABLE TO MONETIZE,

THIS MIGHT BE AN EXAMPLE OF A BENEFIT YOU MIGHT WANT TO

INCLUDE.

COST AND BENEFITS WILL RANGE FROM VERY CERTAIN, FIRST-YEAR

COSTS TO VERY UNCERTAIN.

NDRC Benefit Cost Analysis Data Resources and Expert Tips Webinar

BENEFITS BASED ON AVOIDANCE OF A FEW TOUR DISASTER. THE SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS TAKES UNCERTAINTY INTO ACCOUNT BY ASKING IF A COST OR BENEFIT DEVIATES FROM THE PROJECTED VALUE, WHAT WILL BE THE AFFECT ON MY BCA OUTCOME? TAKE A LOOK AT THE SENSITIVITY OF COST AND BENEFITS FOR THE PROJECT. RUNNING WITH A ALTERNATE RATE IS ANOTHER FORM OF SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS IT CAN HELP YOU UNDERSTAND RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH YOUR PROJECT, HELP CONSIDER ALTERNATIVES AND LINK TO YOUR REVIEW. TO CONCLUDE, IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS ABOUT A FEMA BCA, CONTRACT JODY SPRINGER. IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS ABOUT A U.S. DOT BCA, CONTRACT RYAN ENDOR. AND FOR QUESTIONS PLEASE WRITE TO RESILIENT RECOVERY AT HUD.GOV. THANKS FOR WATCHING.

GOODBYE.