# Lead-Based Paint Regulations: Subpart J and K

Subpart K: Acquisition, Leasing, Supportive Services, and Operations

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## **Trainers**

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## **Series Overview**

## **Webinar Series Format**

- Four weekly sessions
  - Up to 2 hours
  - 1-hour Office Hours will occur on the day after the webinar to review homework and answer questions
- Session 1 was mandatory, then choice of remaining sessions
  - Participants administering operating programs/projects including rehabilitation should attend Sessions 1-3
  - Those administering programs without rehab but including leasing, operations, or homebuyer should attend Session 1 and Session 4
  - See the Agenda and Subpart J and K to determine what sessions you need
- Some participants may want to attend all four sessions
- Links of recordings will be available





## Webinar Series Agenda



- Session 1
  - LSHR Basics
  - Regulatory Subparts per Assistance
     Type
- Session 2
  - Subpart J: Rehab Requirements for Planning

- Session 3
  - Subpart J: Rehab Requirements for Construction and Clearance
- Session 4
  - Subpart K: Acquisition, Leasing, Support Services and Operation Programs





## Goals for this Training Session

- Gain a deeper understanding of the Federal Lead-Based Paint Regulations
- Determine the types of HUD assistance and/or HUD programs that trigger the requirements of Subpart K
- Review the key minimal documentation requirements (i.e., visual assessment, paint stabilization, notification) plus more stringent options
- Introduce key terms and program procedure recommendations
- Provide a tour of the available resources





## Activities that Trigger LSHR by Subpart

Subpart	Type of Activity	
K	HUD assisted residential properties when the assistance is <b>limited to</b> : acquisition, leasing, support services, or operation	
Н	HUD assistance for project-based	
M	HUD assistance for tenant-based rental assistance	
J	HUD assistance for acquisition and rehabilitation over \$5,000	
С	Federal support solely in the form of mortgage insurance or sale of federally-owned housing	





# Subpart K – Examples of Acquisition, Leasing, Support Services, and Operations Programs

Homeownership of **Community Development Multifamily Units Block Grant HOME Investment Emergency Solutions Grants Partnerships (HOME) Indian Housing Block Grant Continuum of Care (CoC) Program Indian Community Housing Opportunities for Development Block Grant Persons with AIDS Program Self-Help Homeownership Housing Trust Fund (HTF) Program (SHOP)** 





\*Not an exhaustive list

## Lead Safe Housing Rule Applies Except When:

Date	Property constructed on or after January 1, 1978
Zero and Single Bedroom Units	Exemption does not apply if a child less than age 6 resides or is expected to reside in the dwelling unit
Elderly and Persons with disabilities housing	Housing for the elderly, or a residential property designated exclusively for persons with disabilities  • Exemption does not apply if a child less than age 6 resides or is expected to reside in the dwelling unit
LBP Free	Properties found to be LBP free by an inspection, or where all LBP has been identified, removed, and clearance achieved





## Lead Safe Housing Rule Applies Except When (Cont.):

Unoccupied to be demolished An unoccupied property that is to be demolished and remains unoccupied until demolition	
Emergency repairs   Emergency repairs to protect life, health, safety or structure	
No paint disturbed Rehabilitation that does not disturb a painted surface	
Adverse weather  Compliance with requirements for testing and remediation may be reasonably delayed due to adverse weather conditions  Exterior work can be postponed until weather allows it	
< 100 days	Subpart K requirements do not apply for emergency payments of less than 100 days duration  • Extension of assistance (Including CARES program) triggers full compliance  • 100 days starts from payment moving forward (does not include payment days in arrears)





## Basics

## **Key Steps in LSHR Compliance Process**













- Pamphlet, lead \* warning, knowledge \*
- Visual Assessment
- Test or presume
- Paint stabilization
- Clearance
- Notification to residents
- Ongoing relationship--LBP maintenance
- Visual assessment





# Lead Disclosure Rules Subpart A

- Applies to almost all pre-1978 for sale and rental units
- Occupants and Buyers must receive:
  - Pamphlet
  - Proper disclosure form
  - All known information (LBP, evaluations, hazards, and remediation)
- Must be completed and signed copy retained **before** any contract is signed





	lead-based paint hazards in the dwelling. Lessees must also receive a federally approved pamphlet on le poisoning prevention.			
Les	sor's Disclosure			
(a)	Presence of lead-b	ased paint and/or lead-	based paint hazards (check (	i) or (ii) below):
	(i) Known l (explain)		ead-based paint hazards are	e present in the housing
	(ii) Lessor ha	as no knowledge of lead	-based paint and/or lead-ba	sed paint hazards in th
(b)		ts available to the lesso	(check (i) or (ii) below):	
			ith all available records and ed paint hazards in the hou	
		as no reports or records tards in the housing.	pertaining to lead-based pai	int and/or lead-based
Les	see's Acknowledg	ment (initial)		
(c)	Lessee h	as received copies of all	information listed above.	
(d)	Lessee h	as received the pamphle	t Protect Your Family from Lea	d in Your Home.
Age	ent's Acknowledgr	nent (initial)		
(e)		is informed the lessor of of his/her responsibility	the lessor's obligations und to ensure compliance.	er 42 U.S.C. 4852(d) and
Cer	tification of Accur	acv		
			on above and certify, to the be	st of their knowledge, that
The	following parties ha			st of their knowledge,
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Your
Family
From
Lead in
Your
Home

**Protect** 







Consumer Product Safety Commission



United States

Department of Housing
and Urban Developmen

June 2017

## **Visual Assessment**

## Visual Assessment – required for all units

- An inspection by a trained inspector to identify deteriorated paint, paint chips, dust and other debris
- Online HUD Visual Assessment training is recommended for all housing counselors and inspectors – Easy and Important! <a href="https://apps.hud.gov/offices/lead/training/visualassessment/h00101.htm">https://apps.hud.gov/offices/lead/training/visualassessment/h00101.htm</a>
- Keep records (copy to buyers/occupants recommended)
- Documentation: Visual Assessment Findings and Resolution Record
  - Date of inspection
  - Document rooms and surfaces with deteriorated or damage paint in unit, common, and exterior areas
  - Consider taking pictures





## Limited Exemption from Lead Safe Work Practices and Clearance

- Rehab that does not disturb painted surfaces:
- Lead safe work practices are not required when minor maintenance or activities disturb painted surfaces that are <u>less than</u> de minimis\* levels:
  - 2 sq. ft. per interior space
  - 10% of small component type
  - 20 sq. ft. for exterior work

\* Note: HUD de minimis levels are more protective than the EPA RRP guidelines





## **Subpart K Considerations**

- If the Visual Assessment identifies deteriorated paint, it must be repaired (stabilized).
- If the area of paint to be disturbed exceeds the HUD de minimis, then certain requirements apply.
- The buyer/owner may test the paint and if no LBP is found proceed without further requirements OR
- May presume the presence of LBP and use qualified contractors following HUD protocols
  - More information on presumption in session 2





## Paint Stabilization Using Lead Safe Work Practices

- Paint stabilization means:
  - Removing loose paint and other material from the surface to be treated
  - Repairing any defects in the substrate of a painted surface causing paint to deteriorate
  - Applying a new protective coating or paint
- Safe Work Practices are detailed methods for:
  - Controlling dust, protecting occupants, segregating the work area and HVAC, and cleaning effectively
- Work wet, clean wet, clean with HEPA
- Must be followed by formal third-party Clearance inspection and Notice to residents





## EPA Renovation, Repair and Painting Rule (RRP)

Contractors performing projects that disturb lead-based paint in homes, childcare facilities and pre-schools built before 1978 must:

- Have their firm certified by EPA or an EPA authorized state
- Use certified renovators trained by EPA-approved training providers
- Follow lead-safe work practices
- Provide "Renovate Right" pamphlet
- VIOLATIONS: Civil Money Penalties \$41,056 /unit









## **HUD LSHR More Stringent than RRP in Some Ways**

- For applicable work, RRP contractors must be used, but HUD requirements must be met
- Contracts should specify both
- Key differences include:
  - The de minimis area exception for HUD is smaller than in RRP
  - HUD requires testing for paint using lab testing, an approved XRF, or paint chip testing, not the swabs allowed in RRP
  - HUD requires formal post-work Clearance inspection by approved third party
- HUD requires formal Notice to buyer/occupant

For details, view the <u>HUD's LSHR and EPA's RRP Comparison Chart</u>





## Clearance

- Abatement work clearance must be performed by a certified risk assessor or lead-based paint inspector
- Non-abatement work clearance can be done by a certified risk assessor or lead-based paint inspector or sampling technician (supervised and signed off by such)
- No conflict of interest
  - Clearance examiners are independent from hazard control, rehabilitation, or maintenance workers
  - May work for same firm that provides pre-work paint testing or risk assessment
- Includes:
  - Visual assessment to determine completion of work, absence of hazards
  - Dust sampling, (processed by accredited lab) to measure residual lead-dust levels
  - Interpretation of sampling results
  - Preparation of a report





## Clearance (cont.)

- Dust wipe samples must be collected (by certified risk assessor/inspector or his/her clearance technician) and submitted to an accredited laboratory for analysis
- LBP hazard control is not complete until clearance testing is performed and passed

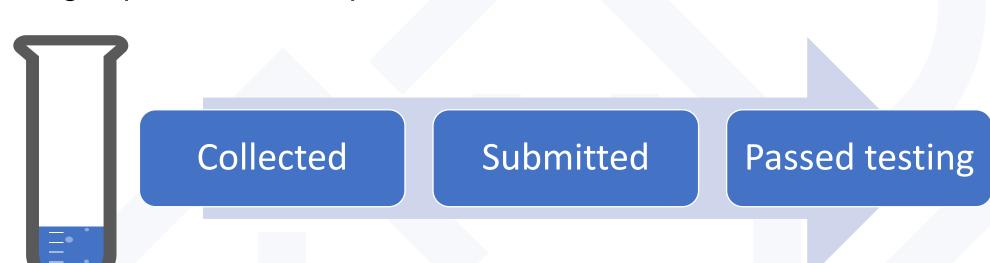
#### **Dust Clearance Levels**

Carpeted Floors 10 µm/ft<sup>2</sup>

Hard Floors 10 μm/ft<sup>2</sup>

Interior 100 µm/ft<sup>2</sup>

Windowsills







## Clearance (cont.)

- Occupants receive a <u>Notice of Lead Hazard</u> <u>Reduction</u> within 15 days of work completion
  - · Contact information and date
  - Activities performed
  - LBP remaining, and
  - Clearance results
- If site fails:
  - Worksite must be re-cleaned and
  - Another clearance test conducted
  - Additional work may be needed if continued clearance failure





Property Address:	Today's Date:	
Summary of the Hazard Red	uction Activity:	
Start Date:	Completion Date:	
Location and type of activity summary page from the clearance re	(List the location and type of activity conducted or attach a copy of the eport or the lead hazard scope of work providing this information.)	
Date(s) of clearance testing:		
Summary of results of clearance test	ting:	
(a) No clearan	No clearance testing was performed.	
	Clearance testing showed clearance was achieved.	
(b) Clearance	testing showed clearance was defineded.	
	testing showed clearance was not achieved.	
(c) Clearance List any components with known lead		
(c) Clearance List any components with known lead	testing showed clearance was not achieved.  d-based paint that remain in the areas where activities were conducted.	
Clearance List any components with known lead List the location of the component (e	testing showed clearance was not achieved.  d-based paint that remain in the areas where activities were conducted.  g. kitchen-door, bedroom-windows).	
List any components with known lead List the location of the component (e	testing showed clearance was not achieved. d-based paint that remain in the areas where activities were conducted. g. kitchen-door, bedroom-windows).	
Clearance  List any components with known lead List the location of the component (e	testing showed clearance was not achieved.  d-based paint that remain in the areas where activities were conducted.  g. kitchen-door, bedroom-windows).  ummary notice  Signature:	
List any components with known lead List the location of the component (e  Person who prepared this su  Printed Name:  Title:	d-based paint that remain in the areas where activities were conducted.  g. kitchen-door, bedroom-windows).   ummary notice  Signature: Organization:	
(c) Clearance List any components with known lead	d-based paint that remain in the areas where activities were conducted.  g. kitchen-door, bedroom-windows).   ummary notice  Signature:  Organization:	

## **Risk Assessors and LBP Inspectors**

- Lead-Based Paint Inspectors may perform inspection and postabatement and non-abatement clearance activities
- Risk assessors may perform inspection, post-abatement and nonabatement clearance, lead hazard screen, and risk assessment activities





## Finding Appropriate Firms and Individuals

- Some grantees and property owners/managers report they cannot find trainers, contractors, paint inspectors, risk assessors or clearance technicians they need
- Locate <u>Certified Renovation Firms</u> and <u>RRP Training Providers</u> from EPA's <u>Lead homepage</u>
  - Some states have their own RRP Programs
- Contact the <u>local entitlement (CDBG/HOME) grantee</u> for referrals
- Contact Lead-Based Paint Hazard Control Grantees





# Locate Certified Renovation and Lead Dust Sampling Technician Firms

#### Find a Firm

To find your nearest EPA certified firm, first select the type of company you're looking for (renovator or evaluation), then please enter either a complete address, or a Zip Code, or a City and State.

#### Discipline:



Renovator



- AND -

https://cfpub.epa.gov/flpp/pub/index.cfm?do=main.firmSearch



#### Example:

- 123 Main St., Anytown, ME, 20460
- 20460
- Anytown, ME
- Maine

#### Distance:

50	•
----	---

in miles

OR —

#### State:

Select a State

OP-

#### Firm Name:

\_\_\_\_\_ OR \_\_\_\_\_

#### **Certification Number:**

Example: NAT-1681-2

Search Firms





# Locate Renovation Repair and Painting Program Training Providers

#### **Find a Course**

To find available training course(s), first select the course, discipline and language, then select a state, from/to date range, and discipline. Additional training may be available, use the "Find a Trainer" tool and contact trainers regarding other course offerings.

#### Course:

[ ] Initial

Refresher

#### Discipline:

Renovator

Dust Sampling Technician

https://cfpub.epa.gov/flpp/pub/index.cfm?do=main.firmSearchAbatement





xample:
123 Main St., Anytown, ME, 2046
20460
Anytown, ME
Maine
Distance:
50 ▼
n miles
OR
State:
Select a State
OR
Firm Name:
OR —
Certification Number:
example: NAT-1681-2

## Ongoing Maintenance - If Ongoing Relationship

Maintain the unit and common areas lead safe for continued occupancy.\* Lead safe means no deteriorated lead paint or failed hazard control methods.

Who	Owner/Operator/Program	
What	<ol> <li>Ensures a trained visual assessor conducts regular visual <u>assessments</u></li> <li>Responds to and clears new or deteriorated LBP hazards identified in the assessment</li> <li>Repairs any failure of abatement methods such as encapsulation or enclosure controls</li> <li>Written notice asking residents to report deteriorated paint and any failure of encapsulation or enclosure</li> </ol>	
When	Visual assessments at unit turnover and every twelve months, whichever is sooner	

<sup>\*</sup>Ongoing maintenance not required if LBP was completely removed





<sup>\*</sup>Not required for homebuyer or DPA

## **Knowledge Check**

### 1. True or False?

A Risk Assessment is the required evaluation method for Subpart K.

## 2. Who can perform paint stabilization?

- a) PHA employee
- b) RRP Certified Contractor or Workers
- c) Any contractor working on the home





# Acquisition and Homebuyer Specifics

## Homebuyer Programs Affected

- Homeownership programs funded by:
  - HOME
  - CDBG
- Potential homeownership assistance programs:
  - Downpayment assistance
  - Closing cost assistance
  - Loan guarantee
  - Subsidized interest rates
  - Finance acquisition





## Which Subpart is Triggered?

## **Subpart K**

- Acquisition + Rehab <u>Up to and</u> <u>Including</u> \$5,000
- Subpart K provides more stringent requirements for rehab up to and including \$5,000
  - Lead hazard reduction: paint stabilization of <u>all</u> deteriorated painted surfaces and clearance before occupancy

## Subpart J

- Acquisition + Rehab <u>Over</u> \$5,000
- Risk Assessment, paint testing, interim controls, and LSWP on painted surfaces to be disturbed
- Sessions 2 & 3 covered rehab see recordings





## Determining Level of Rehabilitation Assistance

Level of Rehabilitation Assistance determines the required approach to lead-based paint testing and lead hazard control measures

The amount of rehabilitation assistance is the **lesser** of two amounts:

Hard costs of rehab from **all sources** per unit (excludes soft costs and lead hazard control)

OR

Federal assistance for all uses per unit





## **Level of Assistance Example**

**Example:** A family is purchasing a home. They are receiving \$10,000 in assistance for down payment, closing costs, and rehabilitation costs. The hard costs of rehabilitation are \$4,500.

Hard costs of rehab from all sources per unit: \$4,500

Federal assistance for all uses per unit: \$10,000

The level of assistance is \$4,500. Subpart K is triggered.





## Acquisition/Homebuyer: Requirements

	Acquisition/Homebuyer
Approach to Lead Hazard Evaluation and Reduction	Identify and stabilize deteriorated paint (2)
Pamphlet	Yes
Notification	Yes
Lead Hazard Evaluation	Visual Assessment
	Paint Stabilization
Lead Hazard Reduction	Lead safe work practices
	Clearance
Ongoing Maintenance	Not provided in homebuyer programs
EBLL Requirements	No
	Test deteriorated paint;
Options	Use safe work practices only on lead-based paint surfaced





## **Homebuyer: Key Actors**

- Administering agencies
  - State, city and county governments
- Program grantees
  - City and county governments
  - Nonprofit organizations
- Staff and contractors
  - Counselors and intake staff
  - Inspectors and contractors
- Program participants
  - Homebuyers





## Homebuyer: Implementation Key Homebuyer Program Activities

- 1. Application
- 2. Home selection
- 3. Purchase contract
- 4. Home inspection
- 5. Purchase negotiation and address lead hazards
- 6. Closing
- 7. Post-purchase counseling





#### 1. Application

- Application process used to:
  - Determine basic eligibility
  - Provide information and education
  - Select applicants
- Provides an opportunity to:
  - Distribute the Protect Your Family from Lead in Your Home pamphlet and educate the potential homebuyer about requirements
- Consider adding a module on lead-based paint to the local counseling program





#### 2. Home Selection

- Lead hazard education as part of any counseling or orientation helps homebuyer identify and evaluate potential homes
- Final home approval by program depends on physical inspection for Decent Safe and Sanitary (DSS) and Visual Assessment!
  - Often not possible, but inspection by program ideally occurs before purchase contract is executed.
  - Contracts MUST include options for buyer to inspect and request repairs





#### 3. Purchase Contract

- Seller must provide disclosure statement, AND
- Homebuyer option to evaluate (risk assessment or paint testing) per Subpart A
- Buyer may also opt for just Visual Assessment
- If lead-based paint hazards are found the homebuyer can:
  - Withdraw from contract/select another home or
  - Renegotiate the contract
  - But, not necessarily without penalties
  - Options depend on the specific language in the contract
- Contract and/or Repair request should specify RRP, SWP and Clearance





## Homebuyer: Implementation 4. Home Inspection



- Inspection after offer is accepted
- Visual assessment for deteriorated paint in pre-1978 homes –
   Trained Visual Assessor
- Inspection report to homebuyer and agency
- Online HUD Visual Assessment training is recommended for all housing counselors and inspectors

https://apps.hud.gov/offices/lead/training/visualassessment/h00101.htm





#### 5. Purchase Negotiation and Addressing Lead Hazards

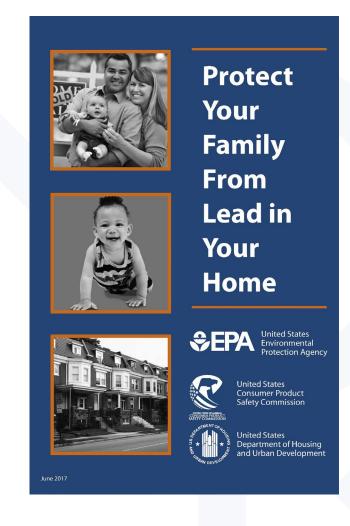
- Before purchase, lead hazards must be addressed:
  - Any painted surfaces that fail inspection must stabilized.
  - Work must be performed by RRP trained or supervised workers
- Sample Form: Checklist for Lead Hazard Reduction Activities
- After work, HUD-approved Clearance Must be Certified Third Party
  - Required before occupancy
- Homebuyer must receive Clearance and Notice of Lead Hazard Reduction activities.





## Homebuyer: Implementation 6. Closing

- Document receipt of the leadbased paint pamphlet
- See the toolkit form for residents at closing







## Homebuyer: Implementation 7. Post-purchase Counseling

- Helps reduce delinquency and default rates
- Educate about safe work practices (maintenance/repairs)







# Leasing, Support Services, and Operations Specifics

# Leasing, Support Services, and Operations Programs Affected

- Typically, these activities are found in special needs programs funded by:
  - CDBG, HOPWA, ESG, CoC
- Programs may include:
  - Acquisition or leasing of residential property
  - Support services and operations related to residential structures
- Special cases
  - For rehabilitation > \$5,000 (See Subpart J)
  - For tenant-based rental assistance (TBRA) (See Subpart M)







## **LSSO Housing: Requirements**

	Leasing, Support Services, and Operations	
Approach to Lead Hazard Evaluation and Reduction	Identify and stabilize deteriorated paint	
Pamphlet	Yes	
Notification	Yes	
Lead Hazard Evaluation	Visual Assessment	
	Paint Stabilization	
Lead Hazard Reduction	Safe work practices	
	Clearance	
Ongoing Maintenance	Yes, if ongoing assistance is provided	
EBLL Requirements	No	
	Test deteriorated paint;	
Options	If LBP is NOT identified through XRF or paint	
	chip sampling, no LSHW or clearance	





## **LSSO Housing: Key Actors**

- Grantees are responsible, but may assign duties to others
  - State, city and county governments
- Administering agencies
  - City and county governments
  - Subrecipients
  - Nonprofit organizations
- Program participants
  - Occupants
  - Property owners





## LSSO Housing: Implementation Initial Actions

- Visual assessment Trained Inspector
  - Plus, program required property standards, ex: HQS or equivalent program requirement
- Owner notification of visual assessment results
- Paint stabilization and cleanup RRP Certified Contractor or workers
- Clearance prior to occupancy Third Party
- Checklist for Lead Hazard Reduction Activities





## LSSO Housing: Implementation Ongoing Actions

 Notices (Lead hazard pamphlet, disclosure forms, Test/Presume, Lead Hazard Control, Clearance)

- Ongoing maintenance of painted surfaces
  - Incorporate into building operations
  - Visual assessment every 12 months/at turnover
  - Paint stabilization within 30 days of notification
- Recordkeeping





### Subpart K Leasing vs. Subpart M TBRA

#### Subpart K Leasing

- Activity may include short term emergency payments or payment of deposit for eligible tenant
- Typically does not constitute an ongoing rental subsidy for tenant, but might include ongoing support to the operator – maintenance required
- Eligible units must meet property standards

## Subpart M Tenant-Based Rental Assistance

- Ongoing rental assistance which is tied to the tenant rather than a specific location
- TBRA generally is provided on an ongoing basis, not emergency payments of 100 days or less
- Allows eligible tenant families to locate and rent privately owned housing
- Eligible units must meet property standards





### **Emergency Payments**

- Emergency payments are subject to Subpart K (Not M) but is exempt for first 100 days
  - Exempt from conducting a visual inspection and possible clearance actions prior to providing the emergency payments to keep the tenant in their current unit
  - 100 days starts from payment moving forward (does not include payment days in arrears)
- 100-day exemption is tied to the unit, not the occupant
  - Program administrators are strongly encouraged to track the cumulative number of calendar days of assistance of each recipient
  - Ex: If a resident has assistance in January and moves out in April and a new resident applies in April, the exemption no longer applies since more than 100 days have passed.
- CDBG funds provided as emergency payments can be utilized to assist a household at risk of eviction
  - Maximum of 90 days





### **CDBG-CV Emergency Payments Example**

- CARES Act CDBG-CV funds are being used by grantees to address the impact of COVID-19
- Short Term Housing Assistance is being provided; CDBG-CV notice includes a waiver of the 3-month limit to allow for up to emergency payments up to 6-months
- Subpart K only exempts this activity up to 100 days
  - 100 days starts from payment moving forward (does not include payment days in arrears)
- If CDBG-CV funds are used for emergency payments for rental or mortgage payments that exceed 100 days a visual assessment, paint stabilization, and clearance testing will be required
- Other exemptions may apply such as a unit constructed on or after January 1978





### **Emergency Shelters**

If HUD funds are being used to operate an emergency shelter, is the shelter subject to the lead-based paint regulation?

- Depends on the configuration
- Most emergency shelters are exempt, because they fall under the definition of zerobedroom dwellings
- If the shelter does not qualify for the zero-bedroom exemption, it is covered by the regulation

**NOTE:** If children under 6 occupy a shelter, or zero bedroom unit, lead-safe policies must be in place regardless of the length of the occupancy.





## **Program Design Considerations**



#### **Standards**

Specify the standards eligible units must meet to receive assistance



#### **Applicant Warning**

Do not execute purchase agreements prior to evaluation or utilize an inspection clause



#### **Staffing**

Include certified visual assessor(s) to complete the required evaluations



## Policies and Procedures

Incorporate the Subpart K requirements and the collection of the required documentation



## Homebuyer Education

Information about the risks of lead-paint hazards





## Program Review

- Does program design promote lead-safe housing?
- Do procedures assure timely and efficient compliance?
- Are all parties fully aware of procedures and provided with forms and tools?
- Do beneficiaries understand how they can promote lead safety?
- Are inspectors trained in visual assessment or risk assessment?
- Are contractors trained and certified in RRP?





## **Knowledge Check**

- 1. What order should the following activities occur in a special needs housing program?
- A. Distribute pamphlet, visual assessment, paint stabilization, clearance
- B. Visual assessment, paint stabilization, distribute pamphlet, clearance

- 2. Who may conduct paint stabilization and clearance?
- A. The same worker must conduct paint stabilization and clearance
- B. Paint Stabilization: Trained or supervised worker
   Clearance: Certified RA, LBP inspector, or clearance technician
- C. Paint Stabilization: Certified RA,LBP inspector, or stabilizationtechnicianClearance: Trained or supervised

worker

- 3. Who is responsible for compliance with lead-based paint requirements?
- A. Housing providers
- B. Property owners
- C. Both





## Available Resources

## **HUD Exchange Lead-Based Paint Page**



Home > Programs > Lead-Based Paint



#### Lead Safe Housing Rule Toolkit

The tools in the Lead Safe Housing Rule Toolkit help practitioners understand and comply with the federal lead rules. Use it to learn about preparing to administer projects, implementing key project tasks, and keeping records for compliance.

View Toolkit



#### Lead-Based Paint Resources

- Lead Definitions Handout
- Lead Disclosure Rule
- LSHR-Renovation, Repair, and Painting Rule (RRP) Handout
   Guidelines for the Evaluation and Control of
- Lead-Based Paint Hazards in Housing
- Office of Lead Hazard Control and Healthy Homes

View more resources



#### Lead Exposure

What do I do if I think my child or I have been exposed to lead?

Talk to your pediatrician, general physician, or local health agency about what you can do. Your doctor can do a simple blood test to check you or your child for lead exposure.

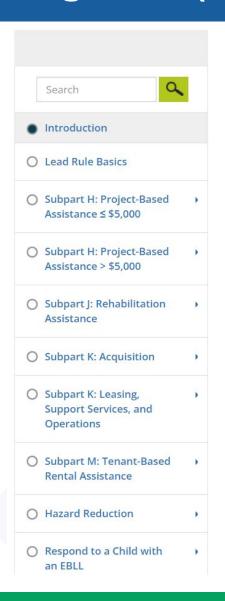
View the Protect Your Family from Lead in the Home pamphlet, Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Program, or contact the National Lead Information





## Lead Safe Housing Rule (LSHR) Toolkit

https://www.hudexchange.info/ programs/lead-basedpaint/lshr-toolkit/introduction/



#### **Lead Safe Housing Rule Toolkit**



#### Introduction

The tools in the Lead Safe Housing Rule Toolkit help practitioners understand and comply with the federal lead rules. The rules apply to almost all ownership, rentals, and sales of pre-1978 housing regardless of occupants or federal assistance to keep children and families safe from lead.

#### **Lead Rules Basics**

If you are new to the lead regulations, review Lead Rules Basics.

Choose the type of activity you are working in, or operating, to access the tools and information for that activity. If you are not sure which applies to you, view Which Subpart Do I Use?.

#### Project-Based Assistance (PBA): Subpart H with A, B, and R

PBA rules and tools apply to rental properties receiving ongoing assistance that reduce occupants' rents. Assistance is tied





### Lead Safe Housing and Healthy Homes Mailing List

#### Go to <a href="https://www.hudexchange.info/mailinglist/">https://www.hudexchange.info/mailinglist/</a>

#### **Email Updates**

Sign up to receive email updates on HUD policy guidance, training opportunities, resources, critical deadlines, program support, and more.

**Privacy Statement:** When you register for a mailing list, we won't share your email address with anyone outside HUD. For more information, read the HUD Exchange Website and Privacy Policies.

Sign Up Now!

Subscribe to Email Updates

Update your preferences Unsubscribe

#### Subscribe to Email Updates

Email Address *		Zip Code
	1	
I'd like to receive email updates about:		

#### **Update Your Preferences**

- IDIS Integrated Disbursement and Information System
- Lead Safe Housing and Healthy Homes
  - Multifamily Housing Preservation





#### Resources

- LSHR Toolkit: <a href="https://www.hudexchange.info/programs/lead-based-paint/lshr-toolkit/introduction/">https://www.hudexchange.info/programs/lead-based-paint/lshr-toolkit/introduction/</a>
- Lead Regulations: <a href="http://portal.hud.gov/hudportal/HUD?src=/program\_offices/healthy\_homes/enforcement/regulations">http://portal.hud.gov/hudportal/HUD?src=/program\_offices/healthy\_homes/enforcement/regulations</a>
- Lead Safe Housing Rule (LSHR) Training: <a href="https://www.hudexchange.info/trainings/lead-safe-housing-rule/">https://www.hudexchange.info/trainings/lead-safe-housing-rule/</a>
- EPA page: <a href="https://www.epa.gov/lead">https://www.epa.gov/lead</a>
- Interpretive Guidance on LSHR: <u>https://portalapps.hud.gov/CORVID/HUDLBPAdvisor/info/documents/LSHRGuidance21June0</u> <u>4.htm</u>
- Lead-Based Paint: <a href="https://www.hudexchange.info/programs/lead-based-paint/">https://www.hudexchange.info/programs/lead-based-paint/</a>





Q&A